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Chapter 3 Study Guide

1. What is a long period without rain called?

2. A grant from the Spanish government giving settlers the right to control Native Americans was called what?

3. What is a person who goes on a religious journey called?

4. What are people chosen by voters to speak and act for them called?

5. What was the name of the shortcut by water across North America to Asia?

6. How were Native Americans harmed by Spaniards?

7. Most Spanish missions were located in which part of New Spain?

8. Which crop led to the survival and progress of Jamestown?

9. How did Native Americans and Pilgrims interact?

10. What was life in New Netherland based on?

11. What do the English, French, and Dutch colonies in North America have in common?

12. Why did Spanish settlements spread in North America?

13. Why was the location of St. Augustine so important?

14. Why did England want to start a colony in North America?

15. What did the Pilgrims agree to do in the Mayflower Compact?

16. How did Native Americans and French and Dutch colonists interact?

17. How did the English colonists on Roanoke Island interact with Native Americans?

18. Describe the environment of the Jamestown colony.

19. How important was religion to Pilgrims and Puritans?

20. **TRUE OR FALSE:** Pilgrims cooperated with Native Americans and both groups benefited.

 **TRUE OR FALSE:** The Puritans tried to force Christianity on the Native Americans which led to conflict.

21. Describe the role of Native Americans in the economy of New Spain.

22. Discuss three factors that were important in the survival and growth of the Jamestown colony.

23. Describe why the Pilgrims and Puritans came to North America.

24. Contrast the ways the European colonists in North America and the Native Americans viewed the ownership of land.

25. Discuss the role of the encomienda in the economy of Spanish settlements in New Spain.